

Funding Innovative Research

Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR)
Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR)





SBIR/STTR objectives

To help start-ups and small businesses transform their high-risk, high impact technologies into marketable products and services that solve real problems.

Why should you care about SBIR/STTR?

- Science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) affect every aspect of our lives
- There are very limited sources of funding available for STEM start-ups
 - Business angels
 - Venture Capital
 - Personal resources
- The SBIR/STTR programs provide a non-dilutive source of capital for start-ups
 - The company doesn't give up any equity in exchange for SBIR/STTR funding

Are SBIR/STTR loan programs? NO!



NON-DILUTED CAPITAL

The funding agency cannot take an equity position or ownership of your firm



IP/DATA RIGHTS PROTECTION

Government can't share your reports or data with anyone outside of the federal government for 20 years

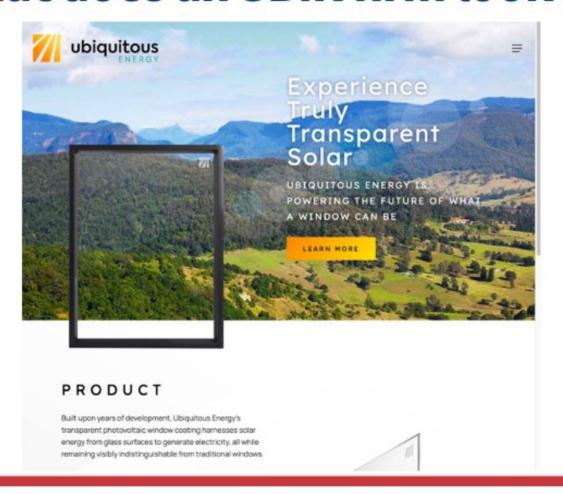


DIRECT FOLLOW-ON PHASE III AWARDS

No need for further competition (J&A not required)

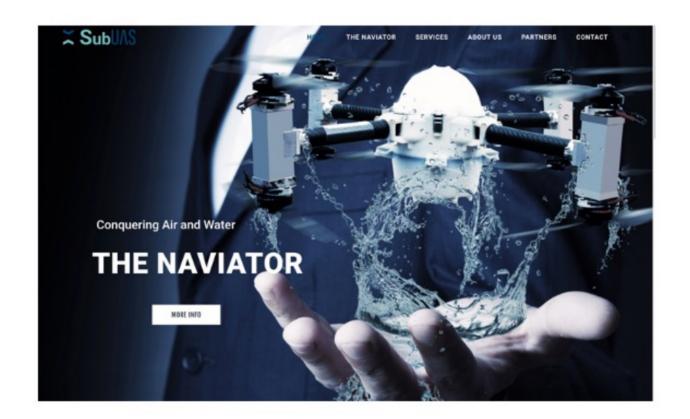
https://www.sbir.gov/tutorials/data-rights/

What does an SBIR firm look like?

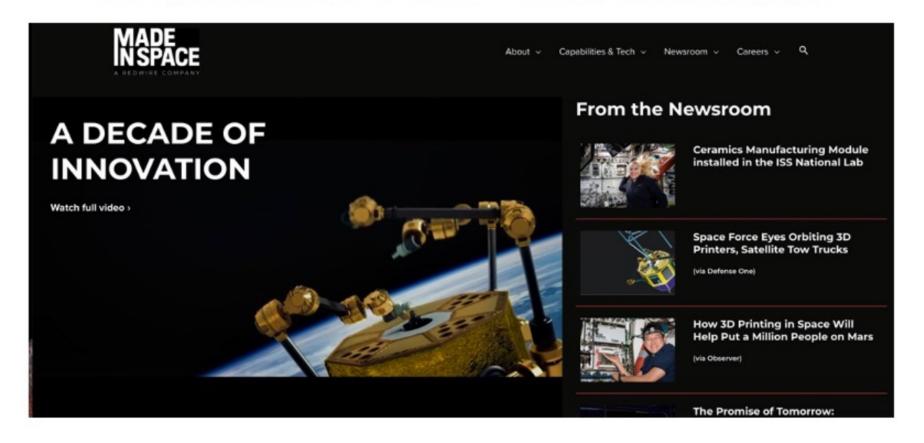




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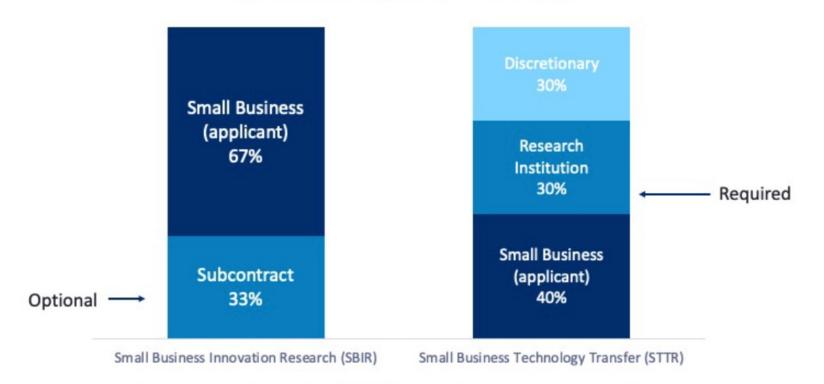


What does an SBIR firm look like?





What's the difference between SBIR and STTR?



The small business is ALWAYS the applicant and awardee!

STTR is a smaller program

- There are 5 agencies that have a Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) program
- These agencies have over a billion dollars of extramural R&D
- They provide .45% of the extramural R&D budget for STTR awards

Five agencies have this program

- · Department of Defense (DoD)
- Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)
- Department of Energy (DOE)
- National Science Foundation (NSF)
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

The small business is ALWAYS the applicant and awardee!



Which agencies fund both SBIR and STTR?

- Defense
- Energy
- Health and Human Services
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- National Science Foundation

Which agencies fund SBIR only?

- Agriculture
- Education
- Environmental Protection Agency
- Homeland Security
- National Institute of Standards and Technology*
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration*
- Transportation



^{*} Branches of Department of Commerce (DOC)

Which program is better? SBIR or STTR

- It depends....
- The SBIR program has more funding than STTR.
- It can be very helpful for a small business to have strong ties with a university.
- The five largest SBIR programs also have an STTR program.
- The Principal Investigator can be from the University, although the applicant is always the small business

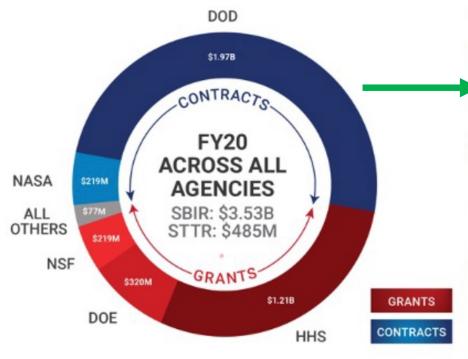
Who SHOULDN'T consider the SBIR/STTR programs?



- Needs money for marketing
- Needs money for manufacturing
- Needs money for cash flow
- Doesn't conduct innovative research



FY20 SBIR/STTR Budgets (Combined)



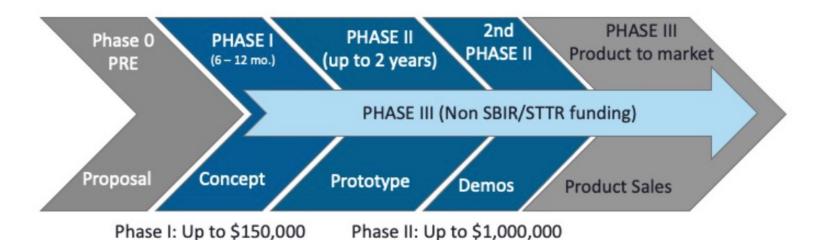
Agencies with SBIR and STTR Programs	2020 Budget
Department of Defense (DoD)*	\$1.97 B
Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)**, including the National Institutes of Health (NIH)	\$1.21 B
Department of Energy (DOE), including Advanced Research Projects Agency – Energy (ARPA-E)	\$320 M
National Science Foundation (NSF)	\$219 M
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)	\$219 M
Agencies with SBIR Programs	2020 Budget
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)***	\$30 M
Department of Homeland Security (DHS)	\$14 M
Department of Commerce (DOC): National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)	\$3.7 M
Department of Commerce (DOC): National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)	\$10 M
Department of Transportation (DOT)	\$12.7 M
Department of Education (ED)	\$7.7 M
Department of Education (ED)	

NIH also issues conracts; and, within DOC, NIST uses cooperative agreements.

Contract vs. Grant

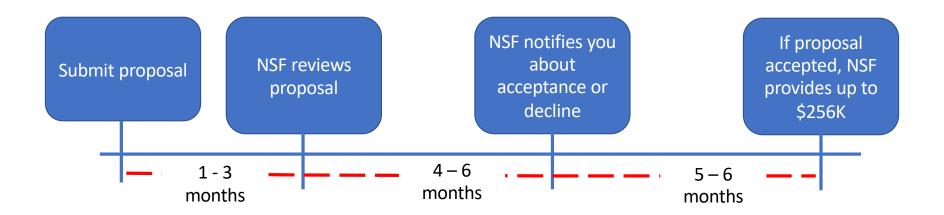


Only Phases I /II use SBIR/STTR \$\$\$\$



The approval process is lengthy and highly competitive

TYPICAL PROPOSAL TIMELINE





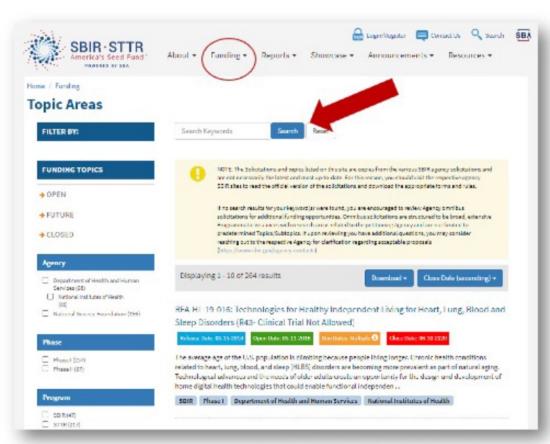
How do you apply for funding?

Start by checking eligibility...

- Company must be for profit, U.S. owned and operated, and under 500 people
- Work must be done in the U.S.
- Focus is on performing R&D Not purchasing equipment, commercializing a technology that has already been developed, or one that has very low risk and only needs capital

The small business is ALWAYS the applicant and awardee!

Do some topic searches:



And learn which agencies fund different technology areas!

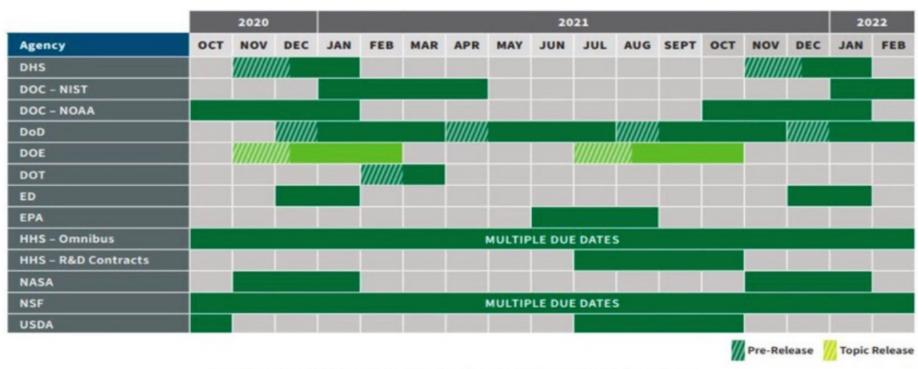


www.sbir.gov/sbirsearch/topic/past

Is there a form that I complete?

- NO, you provide a proposal package in response to a solicitation
- There are 11 participating agencies in the SBIR program
- Their solicitations are available for about 10 weeks at a time
- You need to follow the guidelines explicitly
- The SBIR programs do NOT accept unsolicited proposals

Approximate Schedule



Solicitations are released at different times by each agency

Online Tutorials

- 55 Courses including:
 - Agency overviews
 - Program basics
 - Data rights
 - IP protection

www.sbir.gov/tutorials

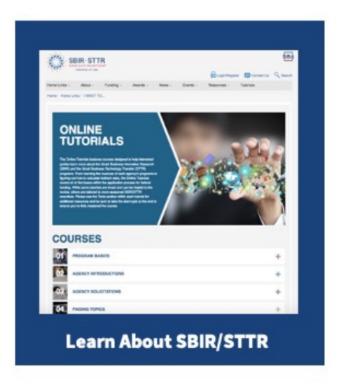


How do I know when solicitations are released?

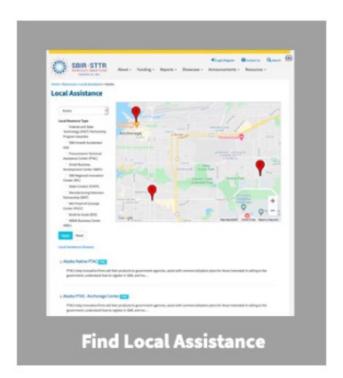
SIGN UP TO RECEIVE ANNOUNCEMENTS FROM AGENCIES

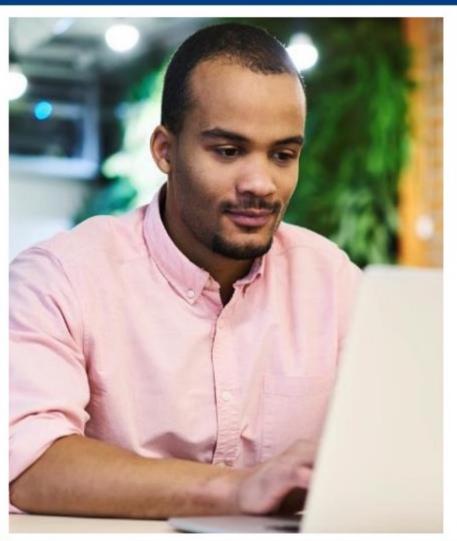
AGENCY	Website
DHS	https://sbir2.st.dhs.gov/portal/SBIR/
DoD	https://rt.cto.mil/rtl-small-business-resources/sbir-sttr/
DOE	https://science.osti.gov/sbir/Funding-Opportunities
DOT	https://www.volpe.dot.gov/work-with-us/small-business-innovation-research
ED	https://ies.ed.gov/sbir/
EPA	https://www.epa.gov/sbir
HHS	https://sbir.nih.gov/
NASA	https://sbir.nasa.gov/
NSF	https://seedfund.nsf.gov/
NIST	https://www.nist.gov/tpo/small-business-innovation-research-program-sbir
NOAA	https://techpartnerships.noaa.gov/SBIR
USDA	https://nifa.usda.gov/program/small-business-innovation-research-program-sbir

You apply in response to a Solicitation









Why should you try?

- Significant funding
- Award sizes vary
 - Over \$3M per project potential in 3-4 years
- Off-sets your expenses
- Learn a new skill-set that you can apply repeatedly



150 Hours

Learning to write proposals is an investment in one's future

What skills are involved with preparing an SBIR/STTR proposal?

- An innovative concept
- Understanding your agency customer's needs
- The application of the scientific method to a work plan
- Developing a business case
- Explicitly following an agencies guidelines
- Multiple registrations
- Developing a team and/or partnerships
- Financial preparation
- Time management



Required Registrations

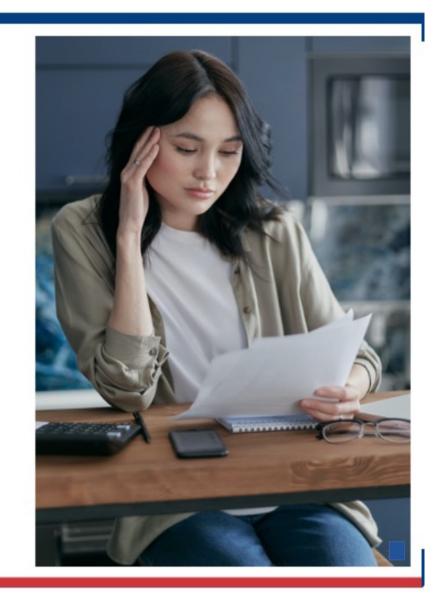
- Three registrations are required by all agencies
 - D-U-N-S number through dun & bradstreet
 - ... will transition to Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) by April 2022
 - SAM.gov
 - Be sure to look for the government identifier
 - · No charge to register; caution many look alikes on-line



- SBA Company Registration with SBIR.gov
 - https://sbir.gov/registration
- Agencies also have additional required registration that are unique to them

What are the elements of an application?

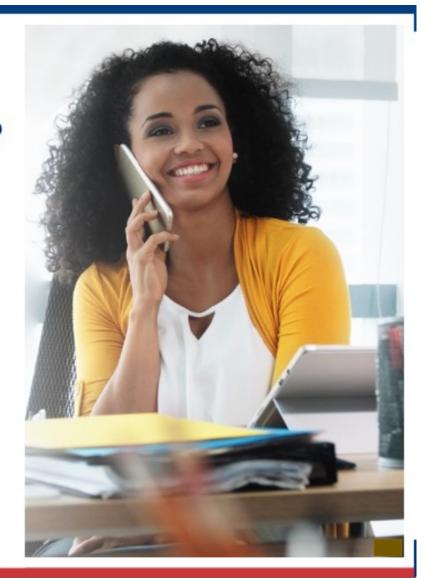
- A technical proposal (called by various names)
- A qualified Principal Investigator (PI)
- Resumes of Key Personnel
- Facilities description
- Budget with cost justifications
- Other documents unique to each agency



Why do proposals get rejected?

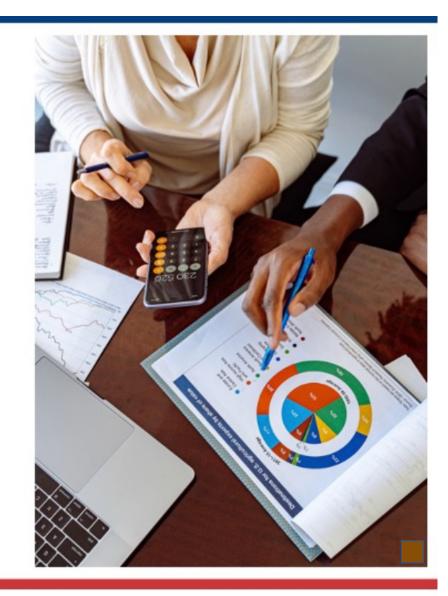
It's not all about you!

- There must be synergy between your goals and those of the agency
- You must follow their instructions explicitly
- The project must be genuinely innovative
- You must have the right team and facilities for the project



What are my chances of winning an award?

- The average award rate for Phase I is 15% across all agencies
- There is variability among Agencies
- Very experienced and novice companies apply
- It takes time to learn how to prepare a winning application





Stay In Touch

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http://bit.ly/JoinSBIRList www.sbir.gov